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Precision Guided Mortar Munition (PGMM) XM395



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Briefing Purpose & Outline

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Purpose Information briefing Outline – Program Focus – Operational **Considerations and Benefits** – Operation and Performance



Program Focus





Description

- Maneuver task force commander's "hip pocket" precision indirect fire weapon
- Capability
 - First round effects out to 12km (required) 15 km (desired)

Target Set Focus Threats Within Protective Cover

- Bunkers
 - Earth & Timber
 - Concrete
- MOUT targets
 - Buildings
 - Fortified sniper positions
- Foxholes & Trenches
- Imperatives
 - Low cost Affordable (<\$15K per round)</p>
 - No additional force structure

Grenade Launchers (RPG-7s), Crew Served Weapons, Command Posts, Observers, etc.







Warfighter Support



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Major General Carl F. Ernst CG USAIC



Continuous & Significant User Support

- Requirement Document Approved
- EMD & Procurement Funding in POM
- Operational Experiments Continue
- Actively Support Technology Management Process
 - ✓ STO, DTO, etc.

MG Ernst articulates his vision for PGMM as the maneuver task force commander's "hip pocket" precision indirect fire weapon



Battlefield Payoffs



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Reduced Collateral Damage

- Enables commander to engage enemy targets that are close to sensitive cultural areas
- Minimizes noncombatant casualties

Improved Survivability & Accelerated Enemy Defeat

- Standoff kills
- Responsive kills
- One-shot kills

Improved Deployability & Logistics

Mortars are inherently deployable & tactically mobile. PGMM's accuracy will...

- Provide orders of magnitude increases in per round lethality
- Reduce size of logistics tail

Lessons Learned From Chechnya

Russians struggled fighting in the city of Grozny. Close air support, attack helicopters, & armored vehicles did not fare well. Direct fire, close range methods of clearing buildings adversely affected survivability. Something like PGMM would allow them to "send a bullet not a man" while still minimizing collateral damage and noncombatant casualties.





Quantifying Combat Utility



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Recent series of warfighting experiments suggest...

- **Reduced Collateral Damage**
 - Enabled engagements of targets close to culturally sensitive areas, non-combatants, or friendly troops
- Improved Lethality
 - ~10x increase in indirect fire kills
- Improved Survivability
 - ~50% improvement in blue force survivability
- Improved Deployability & Logistics
 - ~40 % reduction in number of rounds fired
- Accelerated Enemy Defeat
 - Significant reduction in time required to complete mission

Quality time with users... very valuable feedback

Warfighting Experiments - M&S

Primary Goal

- Continue to quantify the battlefield utility
 - non-armor intensive type scenarios
 - unique and valuable combined arms asset significantly contributes to success of maneuver task force.

Secondary Goal

- **Obtain Operational Insights** (DTLOMS Impact & TTP development)
- Support system design trade-off analyses (balance cost & performance)
- **General Approach**
 - **Constructive Simulations in JANUS & CASTFOREM**
 - Urban & Rural Terrain / Light & Heavy Infantry

Near Term Sub-Experiments (JANUS)

- October 98
- HR55 Vignette / Rural Heavy
- **January 99**
- **Rangers ARC JRTC**
- **May 99**
- MOUT ACTD
- August 99
 - HR49.x Vignette (Certified)

Next Step

- Continue building vignette library
- Port JANUS HR4.9X runs to CASTFOREM early FY00

Growing Infrastructure Supporting PGMM



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Fielded or WRAP Programs

- Observers
 - Light-weight Laser Designator Range Finder (LLDR)
- Fire Control / C4I Links
 - Mortar Fire Control System
 - Linked to AFATDS / Embedded Battle Command
- 120mm Mortar Platforms
 - M121 (carrier-mounted)
 - M120 (towed mortar)
- Other encouraging signs
 - Growing likelihood of adding 120mm mortar to the light forces
 - Arms Room Concept
 - 10th Mountain Division
 - 75th Ranger
 - US Marine Corps
 - Turreted Mortar



Operation & Performance

(Tech Demo Configuration)



PGMM Flight Profile (for 12km down range distance) Destroy Target Apogee Acquire Glid Target е Flight Time (sec) 80 90 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 2500 Altitude (m) 2000 1500 1000 500 9.0 10.0 11.0 12.0 0.0 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 6.0 7.0 8.0 Down Range (km)

- Operational Sequence
 - Drop fired
 - Fins Deploy (<80ms)
 - Wings Deploy at Apogee
 - Glide for Extended Range
 - Gyros sense in-flight location
 - In-flight corrections made to guide to predetermined in-air "basket"

(500m x 500m footprint on ground)

- Scans for laser designator energy on target
- Maneuvers to attack at optimum impact angle & at most vulnerable point.
- Performance Goals
 - Accuracy: 1m
 - Range: 0.5km 15km
 - Weight: <40 pounds</p>
 - Length: < 40 inches</p>
 - Unit Cost: <\$15K



Major Subsystems (Tech Demo Configuration)



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- Projectile / Guidance & Control
 - Strapdown G&C Subsystem
 - Low-Cost, Body-Mounted Gyros
 - Fin Actuated Control System
 - Post Launch Initialization
 - Extended Range Glide
 - Proportional Terminal Guidance
 - GPS/INS Assembly (Under Investigation)¹

Seeker²

- Linear Position Measurement Sensor (Not a Quad)
- Hi-G Survivable
- Strapdown <----</p>
- Real Time Processing / Code of the Day
- Warhead
 - Optimized for threats behind protective cover
 - Concept TBD

1. Tech demo will demonstrate GPS via simulation

2. Tech demo will demonstrate strapdown laser seeker via live fire demonstration

Glide capability provides extended range without added cost, weight, & complexity of a rocket motor

Theoretically superior design concept to gimbaled quad design

Increased Reliability (No moving parts)







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Based on German
Bussard round

- Diehl
- Being modified to meet PGMM requirements
- Stepwise approach to qualification
 - Fin Deployment Testing
 - Wing Deployment/Ballistic Testing
 - Range and Stability Experiment













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Features

- Inline optics (window, 2 lenses)
- Linear Position Measurement Sensor (Not a Quad)
- Strapdown (improved reliability and survivability
- Real Time Processing / Code of the Day
- Detector mounted directly onto electronics card to improve noise control

Status

- Baseline design complete
- 3 different detectors being characterized (FEB - JUL 99)
 - Noise
 - Bandwidth
 - Response / Detectivity
 - Complexity (# of outputs)
 - Cost
- Select Detector (SEP 99)



- Subsystem Components
 - 3 Gyros (x,y, z)
 - Flight Computer
 - Clock
 - Power Supply
- Gyro Vendor
 - C.S. Draper Labs
- System can be easily upgraded to incorporate GPS
- Status
 - Operated during wing deployment shock laboratory test
 - Building units for subsystem High-G test (July 99)
- First operational flight test planned for Feb 00 (wing deployment flight testing)



Subsystem Location







PGMM Guidance Study



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- Purpose: Evaluate various guidance options to determine the payoff of accuracy versus cost for a potential EMD solution for PGMM.
- Guidance options being considered:
 - Gyros only
 - Full INS
 - GPS* + Gyros
 - GPS* + INS



Analysis being done for 2 km, 4 km, 6 km, 8 km, 10 km, 12 km and 14 km flight ranges

* GPS options will be studied with various levels of jamming resistance and recoverability.





Summary



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Concept

- Description
 - 120mm laser guided projectile with extended range glide capability
- Capability
 - Responsive, precision, standoff defeat of bunker and MOUT targets
 - **Battlefield Payoffs**
 - Improved survivability
 - Reduced collateral damage
 - Accelerated enemy defeat
- Program
 - Demonstrated technical progress and combat utility
 - Continuing technical and operational experiments
 - EMD Funding in POM with MS I/II decision in FY 01